Salvia guarantica

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Introduction

Salvia guarantica is an herbaceous perennial that bears one of the largest flowers of the Salvias (Fig. 1). This 3-foot-tall upright plant has dark green foliage that adds a fine texture to the garden. Its rich dark-blue to violet-blue flowers appear throughout the spring, summer and fall seasons.

General Information

Scientific name: Salvia guarantica  
Pronunciation: SAL-vee-uh gar-RAN-tick-kuh  
Common name(s): Sapphire Sage, Sapphire Salvia  
Family: Labiatae  
Plant type: perennial; herbaceous  
USDA hardiness zones: 7 through 11 (Fig. 2)  
Planting month for zone 7: Jun; Jul  
Planting month for zone 8: May; Jun; Jul  
Planting month for zone 9: Apr; May; Jun; Jul; Aug; Sep  
Planting month for zone 10 and 11: Feb; Mar; Apr; May; Jun; Jul; Aug; Sep; Oct; Nov; Dec  
Origin: not native to North America  
Uses: cut flowers; border; edging; mass planting; attracts butterflies; attracts hummingbirds; hanging basket; cascading down a wall  
Availability: somewhat available, may have to go out of the region to find the plant

Description

Height: 1 to 2 feet  
Spread: 2 to 3 feet

Plant habit: round  
Plant density: moderate  
Growth rate: moderate  
Texture: fine

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite

Figure 1. Sapphire Sage.
Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Leaf type: simple
Leaf margin: serrate
Leaf shape: ovate
Leaf venation: pinnate; reticulate
Leaf type and persistence: semi-evergreen
Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches
Leaf color: green
Fall color: not applicable
Fall characteristic: not applicable

Trunk/bark/branches: typically multi-trunked or clumping stems
Current year stem/twig color: green
Current year stem/twig thickness: thin

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in full sun
Soil tolerances: acidic; alkaline; sand; loam; clay;
Drought tolerance: moderate
Soil salt tolerances: unknown
Plant spacing: 18 to 24 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable
Winter interest: no special winter interest
Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding
Invasive potential: not known to be invasive
Pest resistance: no serious pests are normally seen on the plant.
Use and Management

Sapphire Sage may be used as a specimen in a small garden, but is most attractive in mass plantings in most residential and commercial landscapes. Space plants about 15 inches apart to establish a quick cover.

Place the Sapphire Sage in an area of the landscape where it can receive full sun to partial shade. It favors well-drained soils and is quite drought tolerant. Both the tops and roots of Salvia guarantica are generally unscathed by freezing temperatures in all but the coldest parts of Florida. Freezing temperatures kill the plant to the ground in the northern part of its range.

Pests and Diseases

No pests or diseases are of major concern.