

Impatiens wallerana¹

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Introduction

Impatiens are easy to grow and bloom well in shade forming masses of bright red, orange, apricot or white color along the stems (Fig. 1). Regular watering is an important factor in growing good plants. Daily irrigation produces the best plants in sandy soil in Florida. Fertilize occasionally during the growing season to keep plants green and growing. Some varieties are reportedly more tolerant of sun but all types wilt badly when exposed to even short periods of direct sunlight during the summer. Sun tolerant selections usually do well in south Florida in full sun only during the winter. The plants grow to a height of from 6 to 24 inches. Plant on 12 to 18 inch centers to quickly form a solid mass.

General Information

Scientific name: Impatiens wallerana

Pronunciation: im-PAY-shenz wall-lur-RAY-nuh

Common name(s): Impatiens Family: *Balsaminaceae* Plant type: annual

USDA hardiness zones: all zones (Fig. 2) **Planting month for zone 7:** Jun; Jul

Planting month for zone 8: May; Jun; Jul; Aug Planting month for zone 9: Apr; Sep; Oct; Nov

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: Feb; Mar; Apr; Sep; Oct;

Nov; Dec

Origin: not native to North America

Uses: mass planting; container or above-ground planter; hanging basket; border; attracts butterflies; suitable for growing

indoors

Figure 1. Impatiens.

Availablity: generally available in many areas within its hardiness range

Description

Height: .5 to 2 feet Spread: 1 to 3 feet Plant habit: spreading Plant density: dense

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Growth rate: fast
Texture: medium

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate

Leaf type: simple
Leaf margin: serrate
Leaf shape: ovate
Leaf venation: bowed

Leaf type and persistence: not applicable

Leaf blade length: 4 to 8 inches

Leaf color: green **Fall color:** not applicable

Fall characteristic: not applicable

Flower

Flower color: white; red; orange; apricot

Flower characteristic: showy

Fruit

Fruit shape: no fruit Fruit length: no fruit

Fruit cover: no fruit Fruit color: not applicable

Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: not applicable Current year stem/twig color: green Current year stem/twig thickness: thick

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun; plant

grows in the shade

Soil tolerances: clay; sand; acidic; loam

Drought tolerance:

Soil salt tolerances: unknown **Plant spacing:** 12 to 18 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: not applicable

Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding **Invasive potential:** may self-seed each year

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

Use and Management

In USDA hardiness zones 10 and 11, Impatiens can be planted in the fall for winter and spring color. Plants often reseed themselves, maintaining year round color in shaded landscapes in USDA hardiness zones 9, 10 and 11. Shoots sprout from the base of the stem in USDA hardiness zone 9 after cold weather injures or kills the top of the plant. Seeds often germinate and grow in the spring in areas where frost and cold winters kill plants. Plants are difficult to establish in summer in Florida due to high temperatures unless they are in a totally shaded location and irrigated daily. Plant in the cooler part of the spring season in north and central Florida.

Impatiens are propagated by seed or cuttings. Cuttings are taken before plants are exposed to cold. The seed germinates in two to three weeks at 70-degrees F. Do not cover the seed as light is necessary for germination. Impatiens seedlings are easily injured during transplanting.

Cultivars are available for different sizes, flower color and sun tolerance.

Pests and Diseases

Aphids suck plant juices causing distorted growth. Spotted cucumber beetle feeds on the blossoms. Tarnished plant bug feeds on the new shoots causing them to turn black. Leaf spots are an infrequent problem. Infected leaves can be picked off.