



Cupressus glabra 'Carolina Safire' Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress¹

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INTRODUCTION

The species is a native of the American southwest, and is densely clothed in blue/grey leaves and becomes a narrow pyramid, perhaps reaching 50 to 70 feet tall (Fig. 1). Exceptionally tolerant of hot, dry conditions, Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress is ideal for use as a screen, hedge, or windbreak. The outer red/brown bark breaks off every year, revealing the fresh, new, bright red, smooth inner bark. Foliage of 'Carolina Safire' is one of the brightest blues you will ever see. Jump out of the way after planting this cultivar since it springs out of the ground, with young trees growing about six feet each year with irrigation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Scientific name: *Cupressus glabra* 'Carolina Safire' Pronunciation: koo-PRESS-us GLAY-bruh Common name(s): Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress Family: *Cupressaceae* USDA hardiness zones: 7 through 9 (Fig. 2) Origin: native to North America Uses: Bonsai; hedge; screen; specimen Availability: somewhat available, may have to go out of the region to find the tree

DESCRIPTION

Height: 50 to 70 feet Spread: 10 to 15 feet Crown uniformity: symmetrical canopy with a regular (or smooth) outline, and individuals have more or less identical crown forms Crown shape: oval; pyramidal



Figure 1. Young Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress.

Crown density: dense Growth rate: fast Texture: fine

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite (Fig. 3) Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: scale-like Leaf venation: none, or difficult to see Leaf type and persistence: evergreen Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches Leaf color: blue or blue-green Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower characteristics: inconspicuous and not showy

Fruit

Fruit shape: round
Fruit length: < .5 inch
Fruit covering: dry or hard
Fruit color: brown
Fruit characteristics: does not attract wildlife;
inconspicuous and not showy; no significant litter
problem</pre>

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: grow mostly upright and will not droop; showy trunk; should be grown with a single leader; no thorns

Pruning requirement: needs little pruning to develop a strong structure

Breakage: susceptible to breakage either at the crotch due to poor collar formation, or the wood itself is weak and tends to break

Current year twig color: green Current year twig thickness: thin

Culture

Light requirement: tree grows in full sun Soil tolerances: clay; loam; sand; acidic; alkaline; well-drained Drought tolerance: high

Other

Roots: surface roots are usually not a problem Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding tree: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: little, if any, potential at this time



Figure 3. Foliage of Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress.

Verticillium wilt susceptibility: not known to be susceptible

Pest resistance: very sensitive to one or more pests or diseases which can affect tree health or aesthetics

USE AND MANAGEMENT

Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress should be grown in full sun on well-drained, acid or alkaline soil. If grown with too much moisture or on a poorly-drained clay, a shallow root system will develop making the tree susceptible to wind damage. The species was once widely grown in the southeastern U.S. but may perform best in the drier parts of the southwest, including west Texas and Oklahoma.

Propagation is by cuttings.

Pests

No pests are of major concern.

Diseases

A stem canker has devastated large numbers of Smooth-Barked Arizona Cypress in various parts of the country.