Rhapis excelsa1

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Introduction

The delicate Lady Palm forms dense clumps of bamboolike stalks topped with very dark green, broad, fan-shaped leaves (Fig. 1). Performing well in northside foundation plantings or other shady locations, slow-growing Lady Palm is also ideal for containers. They lend a rich tropical look to the landscape. Lady Palms can be effective accents in a shrub border or near an entryway. Plant on three to four foot centers to create a mass effect. Locate them in a low-growing ground cover such as Mondo Grass or Lily-Turf for a dramatic effect. This palm looks wonderful when it is lighted from below, or silhouetted at night.

General Information

Scientific name: Rhapis excelsa
Pronunciation: RAY-piss eck-SELL-suh

Common name(s): Lady Palm

Family: Palmae
Plant type: palm

USDA hardiness zones: 8B through 11 (Fig. 2)

Planting month for zone 8: year round Planting month for zone 9: year round

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round

Origin: not native to North America

Uses: screen; border; mass planting; specimen; container or above-ground planter; naturalizing; accent; suitable for growing

ndoors

Availablity: generally available in many areas within its

hardiness range



Figure 1. Lady Palm.

Description

Height: 6 to 12 feet Spread: 3 to 12 feet Plant habit: palm Plant density: moderate Growth rate: slow Texture: medium

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate

Leaf type: simple
Leaf margin: lobed
Leaf shape: fan-shaped
Leaf venation: palmate

Leaf type and persistence: evergreen **Leaf blade length:** 8 to 12 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower color: yellow

Flower characteristic: pleasant fragrance; spring flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: oval

Fruit length: 1 to 3 inches Fruit cover: fleshy Fruit color: white Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: showy; typically multi-trunked or

clumping stems

Current year stem/twig color: not applicable Current year stem/twig thickness: not applicable

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in the shade **Soil tolerances:** alkaline; clay; sand; acidic; loam

Drought tolerance: moderate **Soil salt tolerances:** poor **Plant spacing:** 36 to 60 inches

Other

Roots: sprouts from roots or lower trunk **Winter interest:** no special winter interest

Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental features

and could be planted more

Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

Use and Management

Lady Palm needs partial to deep shade and fertile organic soil to look its best but will tolerate the poor light, dust, and drought usual of indoor container culture. Be sure that drainage is adequate for indoor use.

Spreading slowly by underground stems, Lady Palm is usually propagated by division. Make more divisions than you need since many canes may not transplant successfully. There are several other species of *Rhapis* for different leaf sizes and shapes.

Pest problems include scale, palm aphids, sooty mold, and caterpillars, although none are usually serious.

Pests and Diseases

No diseases are of major concern.