

Cooperative Extension Service Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences

# Garberia heterophylla<sup>1</sup>

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## Introduction

This low shrub is native to Florida and attains a height of 4 to 8 feet (Fig. 1). It is also known as *Garberia fruticosa*. Garberia has dull grayish, viscid foliage that is quite distinctive. The obovate leaves are alternately arranged on the stems and are held vertically. The showy, late season flowers appear in terminal corymbs of lavender pink heads and are followed by small inconspicuous fruits; the fruits are achenes. Flowers literally cover the plant. Garberia is an attractive plant useful for planting alone as a specimen or in groups to mass its colorful show in late summer and fall.

## **General Information**

Scientific name: Garberia heterophylla Pronunciation: gar-BEER-ee-uh het-tur-roe-FIL-luh Common name(s): Garberia Family: Compositae Plant type: shrub USDA hardiness zones: 9 through 10A (Fig. 2) Planting month for zone 9: year round Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round Origin: native to Florida Uses: attracts butterflies; reclamation plant; border; mass planting Availablity: grown in small quantities by a small number of nurseries Fact Sheet FPS-221 October, 1999

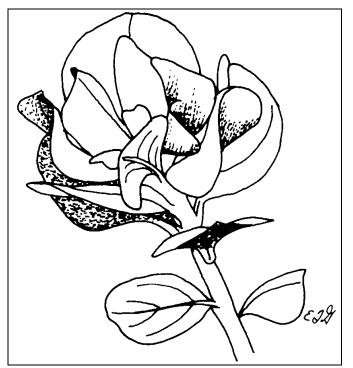


Figure 1. Garberia.

## Description

Height: 4 to 8 feet Spread: 6 to 8 feet Plant habit: round Plant density: moderate Growth rate: slow Texture: fine

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: obovate Leaf venation: pinnate Leaf type and persistence: evergreen Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches Leaf color: blue or blue-green Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

#### Flower

Flower color: lavender pink Flower characteristic: fall flowering; showy

#### Fruit

Fruit shape: irregular
Fruit length: less than .5 inch
Fruit cover: dry or hard
Fruit color: unknown
Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

#### **Trunk and Branches**

Trunk/bark/branches: not particularly showy; typically multitrunked or clumping stems Current year stem/twig color: brown Current year stem/twig thickness: thin

## Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in full sun Soil tolerances: acidic; sand; loam Drought tolerance: high Soil salt tolerances: unknown Plant spacing: 36 to 60 inches

### Other

Roots: usually not a problem Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

## **Use and Management**

Garberia is native to the sand ridges and hills of central and northeast peninsular Florida. This plant should be placed in a site which receives full sun. It tolerates drought but prefers acid soils.

#### **Pests and Diseases**

No pests or diseases are of major concern.