Brassica oleracea¹

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Introduction

Ornamental Cabbage (Acephala group) does not make the tight head common on cabbages sold in the grocery store (Capitata group) (Fig. 1). Leaves on Ornamental Cabbage are edible but more showy than the Capitata group, and they are displayed in loose, showy rosettes. Veins are prominently displayed on the underside of the leaves. Leaf coloration patterns range from red and green, solid blue, to white and green. Good coloration is brought on by temperatures below 60 degrees F, hence the plant is used in the fall, winter and spring. Seed is available that reliably produces each of these leaf coloration patterns.

General Information

Scientific name: Brassica oleracea

Pronunciation: BRASS-ick-uh awl-lur-RAY-see

Common name(s): Flowering Kale, Ornamental Kale,

Ornamental Cabbage Family: Cruciferae

Plant type: annual; biennial

USDA hardiness zones: all zones (Fig. 2)
Planting month for zone 7: Oct; Feb; Mar
Planting month for zone 8: Nov; Dec
Planting month for zone 9: Dec; Jan; Feb

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: Dec; Jan; Feb

Origin: not native to North America **Uses:** edging; attracts butterflies

Availablity: generally available in many areas within its

hardiness range

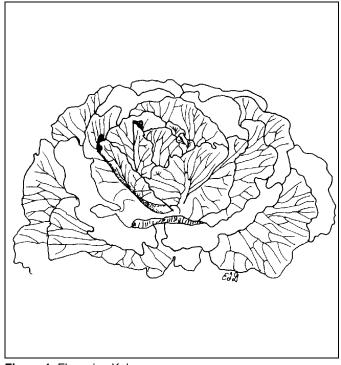


Figure 1. Flowering Kale.

Description

Height: .5 to 1 feet Spread: 1 to 1.5 feet Plant habit: round Plant density: dense Growth rate: slow Texture: coarse

- This document is Fact Sheet FPS-71, one of a series of the Environmental Horticulture Department, Florida Cooperative Extension Service, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida. Publication date: October 1999. Please visit the EDIS web site at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu.
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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: spiral

Leaf type: simple
Leaf margin: parted
Leaf shape: orbiculate
Leaf venation: pinnate

Leaf type and persistence: not applicable **Leaf blade length:** 8 to 12 inches

Leaf color: green; purple or red; variegated

Fall color: not applicable

Fall characteristic: not applicable

Flower

Flower color: yellow

Flower characteristic: showy

Fruit

Fruit shape: unknown Fruit length: unknown Fruit cover: unknown Fruit color: unknown Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: usually with one stem/trunk Current year stem/twig color: not applicable Current year stem/twig thickness: not applicable

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in full sun

Soil tolerances: acidic; slightly alkaline; sand; loam;

Drought tolerance: moderate **Soil salt tolerances:** unknown **Plant spacing:** 12 to 18 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: plant has winter interest due to unusual form, nice persistent fruits, showy winter trunk, or winter flowers

Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental features

and could be planted more

Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

Use and Management

Cabbage can be used reliably as a bedding plant in the fall and spring throughout the deep south. Some die-back may occur in the coolest regions of the south and into North Florida in a very cold winter. It can be used throughout the winter in central and south Florida. When flowers begin to appear, it is time to remove the plants and replant with a more heat tolerant bedding plant.

With warm temperatures in central and south Florida, some cultivars may not provide the showiness desirable of Ornamental Cabbage except in the winter.

Pests and Diseases

Caterpillars can eat holes in the leaves. Although this does not kill the plant, it makes them unattractive.