

Cooperative Extension Service Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences

Helianthus debilis¹

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Introduction

The Beach Sunflower is a spreading perennial that has attractive, small sunflower-like flower heads which are borne throughout the year (Fig. 1). These showy flowers have 10 to 20, pale yellow rays that encircle a purplish-brown disk that is ¹/₂ to 1 inch wide. Different species of butterflies are attracted to these charming flowers. The 3-inch-wide flowers of this plant are followed by small seeds that readily germinate to produce plantlets. The Beach Sunflower has small, dark green, deltoid leaves that are irregularly lobed and toothed. These glossy leaves are roughly pubescent and attain a length of 4 inches.

General Information

Scientific name: *Helianthus debilis* Pronunciation: heel-ee-ANTH-us DEB-bil-liss Common name(s): Beach Sunflower Family: *Compositae* Plant type: herbaceous; perennial; ground cover USDA hardiness zones: 8B through 10 (Fig. 2) Planting month for zone 8: May; Jun; Jul Planting month for zone 9: Apr; May; Jun; Jul; Aug Planting month for zone 10 and 11: Feb; Mar; Apr; May; Jun; Jul; Aug; Sep; Oct; Nov; Dec Origin: native to Florida Uses: ground cover; attracts butterflies; border; mass planting; cascading down a wall; edging

Availablity: somewhat available, may have to go out of the region to find the plant



Figure 1. Beach Sunflower.

Description

Height: 2 to 4 feet Spread: 2 to 4 feet Plant habit: spreading Plant density: dense Growth rate: fast Texture: medium

- This document is Fact Sheet FPS-245, one of a series of the Environmental Horticulture Department, Florida Cooperative Extension Service, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida. Publication date: October, 1999 Please visit the EDIS Web site at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu.
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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: dentate Leaf shape: deltoid Leaf venation: pinnate Leaf type and persistence: semi-evergreen Leaf blade length: 2 to 4 inches Leaf color: green Fall color: not applicable Fall characteristic: not applicable

Flower

Flower color: yellow Flower characteristic: year-round flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: unknown Fruit length: unknown Fruit cover: dry or hard Fruit color: unknown Fruit characteristic: attracts birds; inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: typically multi-trunked or clumping stems Current year stem/twig color: green

Current year stem/twig thickness: medium

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in full sun Soil tolerances: acidic; alkaline; sand; loam; Drought tolerance: high Soil salt tolerances: good Plant spacing: 18 to 24 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: plant has winter interest due to unusual form, nice persistent fruits, showy winter trunk, or winter flowers **Outstanding plant:** not particularly outstanding **Invasive potential:** not known to be invasive **Pest resistance:** no serious pests are normally seen on the plant

Use and Management

Beach Sunflower is often used as a flowering ground cover along and near the beach, and reaches a height of about 18 inches. This plant spreads by underground runners and will quickly fill in an area if provided with occasional irrigation along the beach front. Over irrigation in other locations can slow growth and cause plant decline. One or two applications of fertilizer during the year will encourage plants to establish and cover the ground quickly. It looks great when massed as a ground cover. The cut flowers are charming in arrangements indoors.

The Beach Sunflower grows best on well-drained sandy soils. This plant will not tolerate over-watering or overfertilizing and is very drought tolerant. It needs to be placed in an area that receives full sun and will endure high levels of salt spray. Beach Sunflower is an annual in those areas that have freezing temperatures in the winter; however, it will reseed itself or act as a perennial in central Florida.

Varieties and cultivars: var. cupreatus, copper-red rays; var. purpureus, pink or violet rays; var. roseus, rose colored rays; 'Dazzler', chestnut and orange head; 'Excelsior', yellow, red, brown, and purple head; 'Orion', deep yellow head.

Use seeds to propagate this lovely plant.

Pests and Diseases

No pests or diseases are of major concern.