Calyptranthes pallens1

Edward F. Gilman²

Introduction

Spicewood is an upright shrub or small tree with a unique spicy fragrance that gives this plant its more popular common name (Fig. 1). This member of the Myrtle family has small light green, glossy leaves that have a pink to red tinge when young. The flowers open when a small lid flips up from the floral cup. These mostly inconspicuous, spring and summer blooms are white to beige in color and have a pleasant fragrance. The fruits change from green to orange, red, yellow, and then black. The tree and the fruits are appealing to many species of birds; the smaller birds use the tree as cover.

General Information

Scientific name: Calyptranthes pallens

Pronunciation: kal-lip-TRANTH-eez PAL-lenz **Common name(s):** Spicewood, Pale Lidflower

Family: Myrtaceae Plant type: tree

USDA hardiness zones: 10B through 11 (Fig. 2) **Planting month for zone 10 and 11:** year round

Origin: native to Florida

Uses: trained as a standard; screen; border; espalier; recommended for buffer strips around parking lots or for median strip plantings in the highway; superior hedge

Availablity: somewhat available, may have to go out of the

region to find the plant

Description

Height: 10 to 15 feet

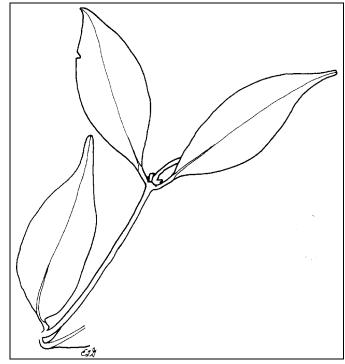


Figure 1. Spicewood.

Spread: 6 to 10 feet Plant habit: oval Plant density: moderate Growth rate: moderate Texture: medium

Foliage

- 1. This document is Fact Sheet FPS-96, one of a series of the Environmental Horticulture Department, Florida Cooperative Extension Service, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida. Publication date: October 1999. Please visit the EDIS web site at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu.
- Edward F. Gilman, professor, Environmental Horticulture Department, Cooperative Extension Service, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, University
 of Florida, Gainesville, 32611.

The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer authorized to provide research, educational information and other services only to individuals and institutions that function without regard to race, color, sex, age, handicap, or national origin. For information on obtaining other extension publications, contact your county Cooperative Extension Service office. Florida Cooperative Extension Service / Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences / University of Florida / Christine Taylor Waddill, Dean



Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite

Leaf type: simple
Leaf margin: entire
Leaf shape: ovate
Leaf venation: pinnate

Leaf type and persistence: evergreen **Leaf blade length:** 2 to 4 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: no fall color change **Fall characteristic:** not showy

Flower

Flower color: white

Flower characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy; spring

flowering; summer flowering; fall flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: oval
Fruit length: unknown
Fruit cover: dry or hard
Fruit color: red; yellow; black
Fruit characteristic: attracts birds

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: not particularly showy; typically multi-

trunked or clumping stems

Current year stem/twig color: brown Current year stem/twig thickness: thin

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun **Soil tolerances:** occasionally wet; acidic; slightly alkaline;

sand; loam; clay;

Drought tolerance: moderate **Soil salt tolerances:** unknown **Plant spacing:** 36 to 60 inches

Other

Roots: usually not a problem

Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: not known to be invasive Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

Use and Management

Spicewood may be used as a specimen, or can be clipped into a hedge or maintained as a foundation plant. It can be trained into a small, multi-trunk tree.

Spicewood prefers a full sun to light shade location in the landscape. It is adaptable to many soils and is moderately drought tolerant. However, this plant grows best in moist to wet areas.

Pests and Diseases

No pests or diseases are of major concern.