

# Calycanthus floridus<sup>1</sup>

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#### Introduction

Sweetshrub could be used more as an ornamental in moist locations (Fig. 1). The flowers are borne in midspring and have maroon to brown, strap-like petals and a fragrance similar to that of strawberries. They are borne somewhat inside of the outer layer of foliage so they are often obscured from view. They were used in years past to freshen the smell in the top several drawers of a set of dresser drawers. Occasionally, they are used in potpourris. The leaves and fruits are aromatic when crushed. Several trunks form from the base of the plant and sprouts often grow from roots forming many trunks.

## **General Information**

Scientific name: Calycanthus floridus

Pronunciation: kal-lick-KANTH-us FLOR-rid-us

Common name(s): Sweetshrub, Strawberry-Bush, Carolina

Allspice

Family: Calycanthaceae Plant type: shrub

**USDA hardiness zones:** 5B through 10A (Fig. 2)

Planting month for zone 7: year round Planting month for zone 8: year round Planting month for zone 9: year round

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round

**Origin:** native to Florida

Uses: screen; espalier; specimen

Availablity: somewhat available, may have to go out of the

region to find the plant

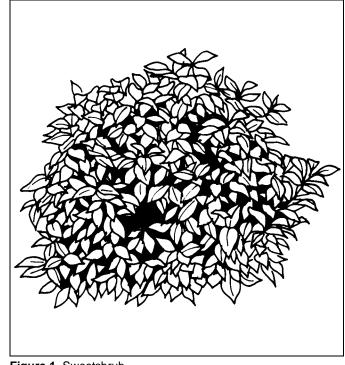


Figure 1. Sweetshrub.

# **Description**

Height: 6 to 9 feet Spread: 6 to 12 feet Plant habit: round; oval Plant density: open Growth rate: slow Texture: medium

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

## **Foliage**

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite

Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: ovate Leaf venation: pinnate

**Leaf type and persistence:** fragrant **Leaf blade length:** 4 to 8 inches

Leaf color: green
Fall color: yellow
Fall characteristic:

Fall characteristic: showy

#### Flower

Flower color: red

Flower characteristic: pleasant fragrance; spring flowering;

summer flowering

#### Fruit

Fruit shape: irregular Fruit length: 3 to 6 inches Fruit cover: dry or hard Fruit color: green Fruit characteristic: persists on the plant

#### **Trunk and Branches**

**Trunk/bark/branches:** not particularly showy; typically multitrunked or clumping stems; can be trained to grow with a short, single trunk

single trunk

Current year stem/twig color: reddish Current year stem/twig thickness: medium

## **Culture**

**Light requirement:** plant grows in part shade/part sun; plant grows in the shade

**Soil tolerances:** occasionally wet; acidic; slightly alkaline; clay; sand; loam;

**Drought tolerance:** moderate **Soil salt tolerances:** poor **Plant spacing:** 36 to 60 inches

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### Other

**Roots:** usually not a problem

Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

# **Use and Management**

The upright, oval shape and attractive foliage make Sweetshrub an excellent candidate for the back of a shrub border or for use as a screen. It can be sheared or thinned, depending on the desired use. Pruning and training the plant to several, upright stems can create an attractive specimen plant. A height of 9 feet and spread of 12 feet can be expected. The plant grows in sun or shade but is taller in shade. Sweetshrub transplants easily and prefers a moist soil. It is an endangered plant in Florida.

'Athens' suckers from the base, has white flowers and yellow fall color; 'Michael Lindsey' has wonderful fragrance and beautiful, shiny leaves.

#### **Pests and Diseases**

Bacterial crown gall causes warty-looking growths on the stems near the soil line. There is no practical control measure for this problem. Destroy infected plants and avoid planting in contaminated soil.

Powdery mildews of different genera cause a white coating on the leaves.

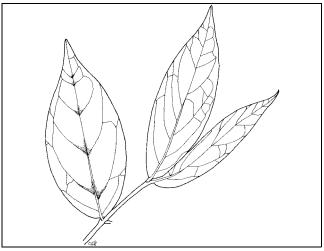


Figure 3. Foliage of Sweetshrub