

Caesalpinia mexicana¹

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Introduction

Fine textured foliage and bright yellow flowers borne on the new growth combineto make this a wonderful small tree or large shrub for any garden or landscape. Flowers cover the canopy for several months during the warm season. Softflowers and pinnately compound foliage contrast with the small, inconspicuousthorns present along the stems. The pods are slightly curled and seedsgerminate only locally in the landscape. They do not appear to spread to otherlandscapes.

General Information

Scientific name: Caesalpinia mexicana

Pronunciation: sez-al-PIN-ee-uh meck-sick-KAY-nuh

Common name(s): Mexican Caesalpinia

Family: Leguminosae Plant type: tree

USDA hardiness zones: 10B through 11 (Fig. 1) **Planting month for zone 10 and 11:** year round

Origin: not native to North America

Uses: specimen; near a deck or patio; container or aboveground planter; small parking lot islands (< 100 square feet in size); medium-sized parking lot islands (100-200 square feet in size); large parking lot islands (> 200 square feet in size)

Availablity: somewhat available, may have to go out of the

region to find the plant

Description

Height: 15 to 25 feet **Spread:** 12 to 18 feet

Plant habit: round Plant density: moderate Growth rate: moderate

Texture: fine

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite

Leaf type: bipinnately compound

Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: elliptic (oval) Leaf venation: pinnate

Leaf type and persistence: evergreen **Leaf blade length:** less than 2 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: no fall color change **Fall characteristic:** not showy

Flower

Flower color: yellow

Flower characteristic: summer flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: pod or pod-like Fruit length: 3 to 6 inches Fruit cover: dry or hard Fruit color: brown

Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

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Figure 1. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Trunk/bark/branches: can be trained to grow with a short, single trunk; not particularly showy; no thorns

Current year stem/twig color: brown Current year stem/twig thickness: medium

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun **Soil tolerances:** clay; acidic; well-drained; sand; loam; alkaline

Drought tolerance:

Soil salt tolerances: unknown Plant spacing: not applicable

Other

Roots: usually not a problem

Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

Use and Management

Locate Mexican Poinciana in full sun in any spot in the landscape includingnear a patio or deck, or in a shrub border to add color and texture. Train theplant into a small tree by removing lower foliage and branches, or let therounded form develop with branches drooping to the ground if there is enoughroom for it to spread. The outstanding flower display and small size makes itwell suited for planting in a container, even in a hot, dry location. Gooddrought tolerance makes it well adapted for planting in parking lot bufferstrips and in other tough sites.

Pests and Diseases

Leaf chewing insects occasionally eat some foliage. The plant has not beenwidely grown so its pest problems are not well known.